## Science at the Hart School Yr 8 Curriculum overview

Curriculum intent: Science encompasses everything that we are and allows us to make sense of the world around us. Science at The Hart School is more than just a core subject. We believe an outstanding science education should develop students' curiosity and scientific knowledge to question the world in which we live, enable critical-thinking and encourage students to become socially aware global citizens.

Our Science faculty has planned an inspiring, inclusive, and diverse curriculum that is designed to engage and enthuse students with the real-life applications of the subject whilst promoting ambition and aspirations for their future.

In an ever-changing world, in which STEAM subjects are at the forefront of advancements for the future, we want to prepare our students for this by not only looking at the knowledge of the subject, but also the methods, processing skills and applications associated with it. This ensures that our students are scientifically literate, able to evaluate what they see in the news and the world around them and make informed decisions that will affect their future lives and the planet.

	Autumn 1		Autumn 2			Spring 1	Spring 2		Sun
These topics are taught in small bitesize chunks and revisited regularly.	Intro to Science - Science in the media	Genetics & evolution	Earth structure & rock cycle	Sound & light		Reproduction	Climate & resources	Space	Photosynthesis & respiration
Additional support links: Here are links to additional resources which will help your child	KS3 working scientifically support - BBC bitesize	<u>KS3 Genetics support -</u> <u>BBC bitesize</u>	KS3 Earth structure support - BBC bitesize KS3 Rock cycle support - BBC bitesize	<u>KS3 light waves</u> <u>support - BBC</u> <u>bitesize</u> <u>KS3 Sound waves</u> <u>support - BBC</u> <u>bitesize</u>	-	KS3 Reproduction support BBC bitesize	KS3 Climate support - BBC bitesize	KS3 Space support - BBC bitesize	KS3 Photosynthesis support - BBC bitesize KS3 Respiration support - BBC bitesize
Knowledge: Included here is the specific knowledge your child will learn in detail	Students are taught to pay attention to objectivity and concern for accuracy, precision, repeatability and reproducibility They understand that scientific methods and theories develop as earlier explanations are modified to take account of new evidence and ideas, together with the importance of publishing results and peer review	Students build on their knowledge of variation from year 7 as a way to help organisms survive in difficult environments. Students then learn about how they inherit characteristics from parents through genetic material, and how mutations can occur. Students look at how organisms that exist today have evolved, and how scientists are trying to prevent further species from becoming extinct.	Students will further their understanding of the structure and composition of the Earth. They will look at the formation and classification of Igneous, Metamorphic and Sedimentary rocks. They will look at how biological, physical and chemical weathering and erosion contribute to the rock cycle. There will be cross links to Geography and the work completed there.	With Sound waves students will learn about Frequencies of sound waves, measured in hertz (Hz); echoes, reflection and absorption of sound. They will learn that sound needs a medium to travel and the speed of sound in air, in water, in solids. Students will learn about the similarities and differences between light waves and waves in matter. Light waves travelling through a vacuum; speed of light. The transmission of light through materials: absorption, diffuse scattering and specular reflection at a surface.	Assessment 1	Students learn about reproduction in humans (as an example of a mammal), including the structure and function of the male and female reproductive systems, menstrual cycle (without details of hormones), gametes, fertilisation, gestation and birth, to include the effect of maternal lifestyle on the fetus through the placenta Students learn the basics of IVF being a medical treatment that some people may have to help them conceive children. In addition to learning about reproduction in humans students also learn about reproduction in plants, including flower structure, wind and insect pollination, fertilisation, seed and fruit formation and dispersal, including quantitative investigation	Students understand the impact that humans have on the world around them, looking at how Global warming occurs including the effects of extracting metals using Carbon and electrolysis. Students look at the evidence behind climate change and explore the different parts of the carbon cycle.	Students will learn about the study of space and space exploration in particular the focus around Space X, They will deepen their knowledge about the history of our story around solar systems and learn about planets, years and orbits. Students will learn how satellites work and their uses in everyday life. They will build on their knowledge from KS2 about how day, night and seasons occur and learn about the phases of the moon. To engage students with outside learning we will teach them about Constellations and they will debate on the future of space exploration.	They understand that the dependence of almost all life on Earth on the ability of photosynthetic organisms, such as plants and algae, to use sunlight in photosynthesis to build organic molecules that are an essential energy store and to maintain levels of oxygen and carbon dioxide in the atmosphere They look at the adaptations of leaves for photosynthesis. Students build on their knowledge of aerobic and anaerobic respiration in living organisms, including the breakdown of organic molecules to enable all th other chemical processes necessary for life. They loo at the process of anaerobic respiration in humans and micro- organisms, including fermentation, and a word summary for anaerobic
Working Scientifically Skills: Included here is the specific skills your child will learn in detail	Review theories, Interrogate sources		Draw conclusions	Analyse patterns, Test hypothesis			Method writing		Analyse patterns, Draw conclusions, Present data, Construct explanations, Test hypothesis
Home learning online platform	https://www.carousel-learning.com/								



nı	mer 1	Summer 2			
	Metals, non-metals, acids & alkalis		Electricity & electromagnetism		
	KS3 Metals and non-		KS3 Electricity support -		
	metals support - BBC		BBC bitesize		
	<u>bitesize</u>				
-	KS3 Acids and Alkalis		KS3 Electromagnetism		
	support - BBC bitesize		support - BBC bitesize		
	From KS2 and Year 7		They will focus on current		
II	students have learnt the		electricity specifically on		
	basics of pH. They will build		how electric current, is		
	have learnt about		parallel circuits and what		
t	Chemical symbols and		happens to currents where		
	formulae for elements and	÷	branches meet and		
re	compounds and be able	L L	current as flow of charge		
	differences between	Ĕ	potential difference is and		
	atoms, elements and	ŝSr	how varies in battery and		
€.	compounds. Students will	Ű	bulb ratings. S Students		
	differences in properties	SS	learn about Magnetism		
	between Metals and Non-	◄	magnetic poles, attraction		
of	metals.		and repulsion. They learn		
	They will revisit their		about magnetic fields by		
	knowledge of chemical		plotting with compass,		
	rearrangement of atoms		and about the Earth's		
ne	and representing chemical		magnetic field. They apply		
5	reactions using formulae		this knowledge to how		
ЭK	ana using equations. New knowledge will include		electromagnets are made		
	oxidation and				
	displacement reactions.				
	They will be able to define				
1	acids and alkalis in terms of neutralisation reactions				
	Analyse patterns, Draw		Analyse patterns, Discuss		
	conclusions, Collect		limitations, Draw		
	data, Test hypothesis,		conclusions, Present		
	Estimate risk		data, Plan variables, Test		
			hypothesis		
			I		