

Maths Knowledge Organiser

Year 9 Ratio and Proportion part 1



Ratio – Simplifying

Ensure all parts of ratio are the same unit, and divide by a common factors

$$3\text{kg}:2000\text{g} \rightarrow 3000\text{g} : 2000\text{g}$$

$$\begin{array}{cc} \div 1000 & \div 1000 \\ \hline 3 & : 2\text{g} \end{array}$$

Ratio – unit ratio – n:1

Is where we simplify the ratio until it has a 1 in it, this may include decimals.

For examples \rightarrow 4 loaves take 320 minutes

$$4:320$$

$$2:160$$

$$1:80 \rightarrow \text{this is the unit ratio}$$

Ratio – Combining

Combine ratios to perform calculation, use common multiples.

Ratio A:B is 3:5 and B:C 3:4

$$\begin{array}{ccccc} \text{A} & : & \text{B} & : & \text{C} \\ & & & & \\ & 3 & : & 5 & \\ \text{x3} \curvearrowleft & & & & \\ & 9 & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & 3 & : & 4 \\ & & \text{15} & & 20 \curvearrowright \text{x5} \end{array}$$

So A:B:C is **9:15:20**

Value for money and recipes

Use multiplying and dividing to solve proportion questions

A	B
3 packets for £2.10	10 packets for £6.50
$\downarrow \div 3 \downarrow$	$\downarrow \div 10 \downarrow$
1 packet for £0.70	1 packet for £0.65

Therefore pack B better value as its lower

Recipe for 4 people Recipe for 5 people

12g flour	$\rightarrow \div 4 \times 5$	15g flour
2 eggs	$\rightarrow \div 4 \times 5$	2.5 eggs
20g butter	$\rightarrow \div 4 \times 5$	25g butter
15g sugar	$\rightarrow \div 4 \times 5$	18.75g sugar

Ratio – Sharing

We can share an amount into a ratio

Ratio of blue to green token is 2:3

Scenario 1 – given total

There are 45 token in total $\rightarrow 45 \div 5 = 9$

Blue	9	9	18 blues
Green	9	9	9
			27 greens

Scenario 2 – given one amount

There are 30 blue tokens $\rightarrow 30 \div 2 = 15$

Blue	15	15	30 blues
Green	15	15	15
			45 greens

Scenario 3 – given difference

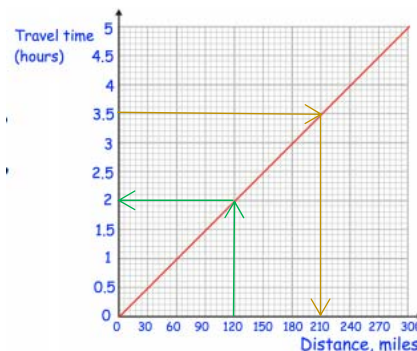
There are 12 more green than blue tokens $\rightarrow 12 \div 1 = 12$

Blue	12	12	24 blues
Green	12	12	12
			36 greens

Conversion graphs

Graphs which help us convert one unit of measure to another

To plot simply take the given information and join with a straight line



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Year 9 Ratio and Proportion part 2



Direct proportion

The relation between quantities whose ratio is constant.

a and b are directly proportional

a and b are directly proportional

When $a = 4$ $b = 20$

$$20 \div 4 = 5$$

$$\text{So } b = 5a$$

b is 5 times bigger than a

Inverse proportion

A relation between two quantities such that one increases in proportion as the other decreases.

a and b are inversely proportional

When $a = 4$ $b = 5$

$$4 \times 5 = 20$$

$$\text{So } a = \frac{5}{b}$$

a and b^2 are inversely proportional

When $a = 3$ $b = 4$

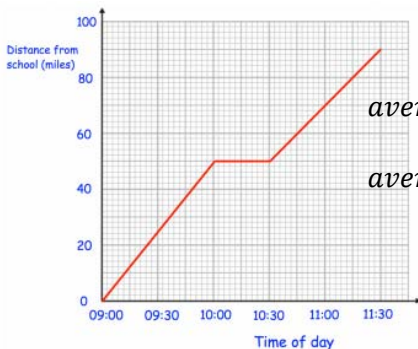
$$3 \times 16 = 48$$

$$\text{So } a = \frac{48}{b^2}$$

Distance time graphs

Graphs which describe a journey, straight line equals constant speed.

Horizontal line mean stationary (no speed)



$$\text{speed} = \frac{\text{distance}}{\text{time}}$$

$$\text{average speed} = \frac{\text{total distance}}{\text{total time}}$$

$$\text{average speed} = \frac{90}{2.5} = 36\text{mph}$$